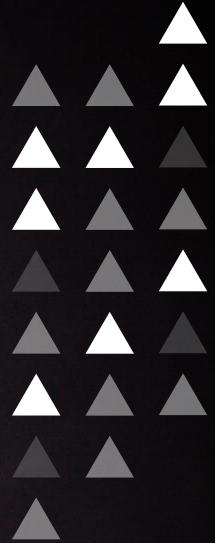


DWI Consequences

Instructions: Use the arrows or swipe left / right to browse through the slides. (The slideshow will autoplay unless you click the PAUSE button.) When you have completed your review of all slides, click on the X in the upper right corner of the presentation to return to your lesson.



With a felony record, you can't vote.

You may be restricted from pursuing a career in the military, dentistry, engineering, insurance, law, medicine, and public accounting. Some insurance companies will not sell you auto insurance.



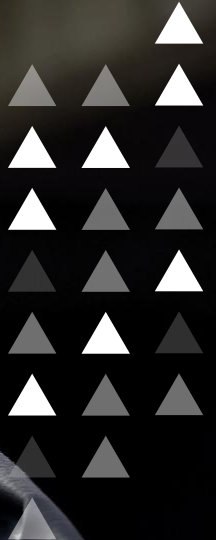
In addition to the penalties listed, proof of future financial responsibility must be filed and maintained for three years from the date of conviction.

The court also has the authority to require participation in community service work, river improvement programs, and substance abuse treatment - all at your expense.



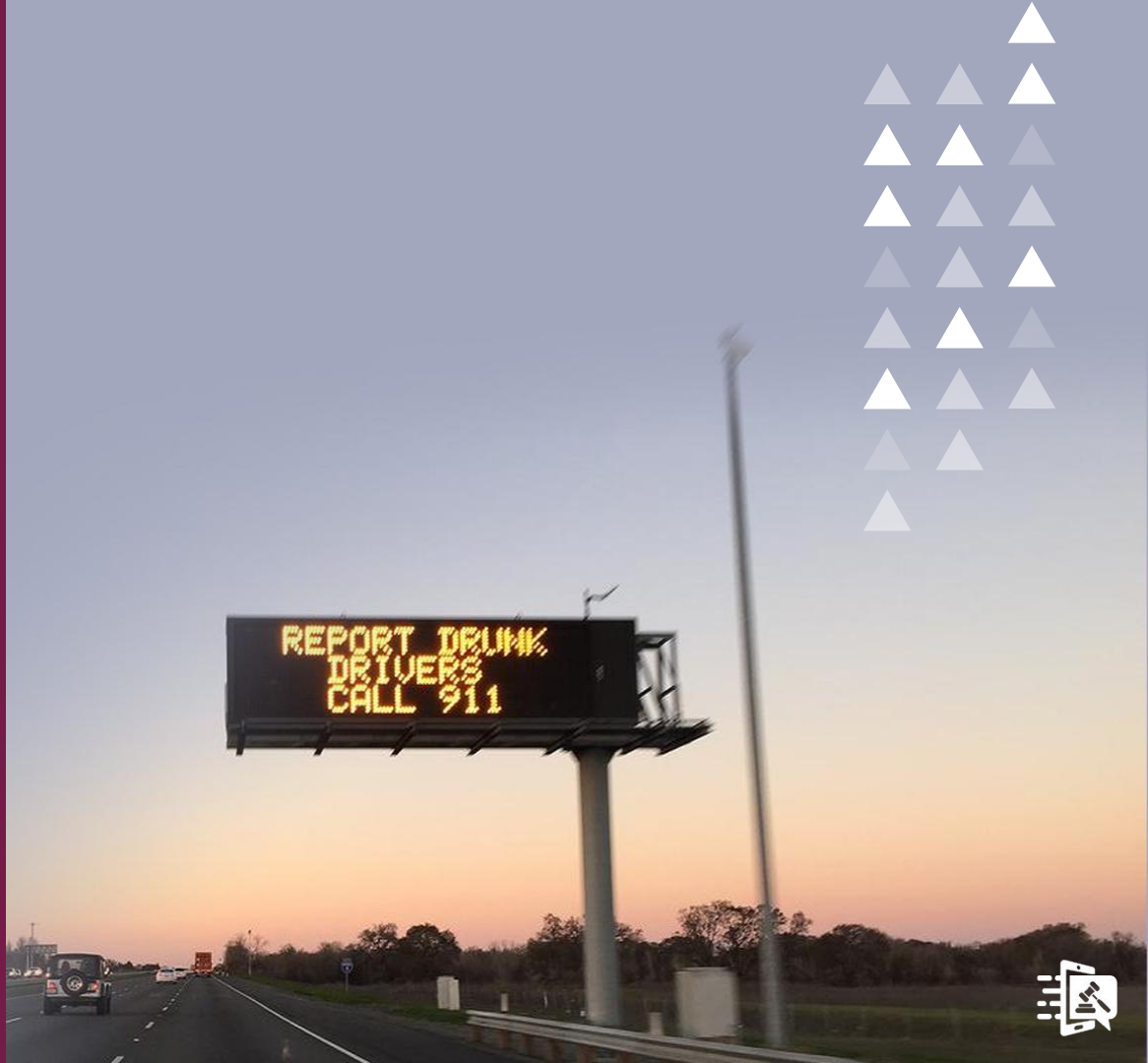
If you are driving while intoxicated and cause a crash which results in the death of another person, your conviction can result in a jail term of up to 30 years.

You'll lose your driver's license, a great deal of money, and the privileges of citizenship. You'll face being sued by the deceased person's relatives for amounts that could easily exceed your insurance coverage. Most importantly, you'll have to live the rest of your life knowing that you killed another human being.



If you see a drunk driver, you should:


- Stay as far away from the other vehicle as possible.
- Do not signal the driver to pull over. This may result in a collision.
- Make a note of the license plate number and the details of the vehicle. Do not compromise your safety while trying to obtain this information.
- Pull over and call 911. Give them a complete description of the vehicle and its exact location. Then leave the rest to the police!



Driving while/or after using drugs (e.g., amphetamines, tranquilizers, and barbiturates) can be hazardous (and possibly lethal) because of drowsiness, reduced coordination, and poor judgement or risk taking.

It can take hours to wear off, and if the drugs are combined with alcohol, the effects can be exaggerated and increased dramatically.





Louisiana law provides the same penalty for driving under the influence of drugs as it does for alcohol. This includes over-the-counter (OTC) and prescribed medication.

It is important to pay attention to the labels on medications as they may interfere with your driving ability.

